

Further debate, Mr. Owen's proposition was voted down, Mr. Owen's being the only vote given in its support.

WAYS AND MEANS TO MOVE.

Forced, Against His Will, to Go to the Office Building—No Increase of Pay.
WASHINGTON, February 27.—The all-powerful Committee on Ways and Means of the House to-day was put to rout, and by an overwhelming vote ordered out of the Capitol to the new House Office Building a block away. Various members of the committee, led by Messrs. Payne and Dalzell, strenuously objected to the removal, but they had only weak following, and their protests availed them nothing. The committee's present rooms are desired in order that the Speaker may have more commodious quarters. The army appropriation bill was discussed at length, and the provision for increased pay for non-commissioned officers and privates was finally stricken out.

TO REPORT ON SUBMARINES.

Lilley Advised That All Paralyzed by Holland Co. Are Out of Commission.
WASHINGTON, February 27.—Representative Lilley, of Connecticut, to-day introduced a resolution calling on the Secretary of the Navy to inform the House of the physical condition at the present time of the various submarine torpedo boats owned by the United States government, together with full information of reports relating to the performance of each submarine, accidents thereto and repairs thereon.

"I am informed," said Mr. Lilley to-day, "that the dozen or so submarines purchased from the Holland Boat Company by the government are practically all sick abed, broken down, tied up at wharves, out of commission, and that the Octopus, which outstripped its competitor in the trials off Newport last year, is in such a state of dilapidation that acceptance by the Navy Department has been refused."

Mr. Lilley submitted to the House Committee on Rules a revised copy of the statement made by him a few days ago, in executive session, substantiating his resolution of investigation. The Rules Committee ordered this statement printed for its confidential use, and will not report on the resolution for the appointment of an investigating committee until the statement has been considered in executive session.

FOWLER BILL ADOPTED.

Few Material Changes in Measure, Which Will Soon Go to House.

WASHINGTON, February 27.—The Fowler currency bill was adopted to-day by the House Committee on Banking and Currency in practically the form in which it was introduced, and as a result of weeks of public hearings and consideration in executive session. Several of the thirty-nine sections of the bill were amended by committee vote, but no changes of a substantial character were made.

The bill as revised was ordered printed, and when this has been done it will be subjected to a further and general review in executive session. It is understood that the bill will then be favorably reported to the House, certain members reserving the individual right to propose its further amendment on the floor. The Democratic members of the committee, with the exception of Mr. Clegg, who is a Republican, will support the bill, which will be introduced by Mr. Clegg.

The Fowler bill provides for the retirement of all outstanding bonds secured currency and the issuance in substitution of a currency based on the assets of the national bank—that is, a gold-backed currency. One of its chief features is a provision for a Federal guaranty of national bank deposits.

THE NAVY INVESTIGATION.

Will Take Wide Scope and Open Up the Brown-Rixey Matter.

WASHINGTON, February 27.—A general discussion to-day among members of the Senate Committee on Naval Affairs indicated that the investigation of charges of defects in battleship construction will be extended to a number of other questions among them that of whether staff officers, such as naval surgeons, shall be given command of hospital ships or other naval vessels.

The Hale bill, on which the present inquiry is based, deals with the personnel of the navy, as well as methods of construction. The controversy between Rear-Admiral Brownson and Surgeon-General Rixey, which was disposed of by the President supporting the latter in his contention that a surgeon should be given command of the hospital ship Relief, will undoubtedly be aired. Complaints against the battleship system also will be investigated.

Rear-Admiral Noyes, chief of the Bureau of Ordnance, explained to the committee to-day the workings of the turret ammunition hoists from powder-handling rooms to big guns on modern battleships. Mr. Reuterbach charged in a magazine article that there was great danger of accidents with the straight hoists and open turrets, and that a number of the life-destroying explosions, such as those on the Missouri and Georgia, were caused by faulty hoists. Admiral Noyes denied this, and by comparison with ships of other navies endeavored to show that American methods are equal to any. He said that the new hoist had been adopted for the Delaware class

LATEST NEWS FROM THE FLEET

It awaited with interest, but far more important than this to you and me is the condition of our health this season. If we feel unnaturally tired, have "drawn" wearied faces, if our nerves are "just strained to the utmost"—as a friend puts it—we may be sure our blood is not carrying the nourishment it should to the various organs. A cure of Hood's Sarsaparilla is just what we want. It is so good, there's no mistake in taking this medicine.

New Life.—I have always found Hood's Sarsaparilla a good blood purifier, and it gives me new life and vigor, removes all impurities in the blood, cures that tired feeling and makes me feel like a new man. (Judge H. H. Hammond, Alexandria, Indiana.)

Hood's Sarsaparilla
In usual liquid form or in chocolate tablets called Sarsaparilla. 100 Doses \$1.

Merry's for Clothes



The snow yesterday was fast and furious, and you are likely to be reminded of it all and on all through March. Better take this last chance at a good Overcoat for a small sum.

\$17.75 will enable you to pick from grades up to \$50! Suits, same way.

Don't think there's any interruption in our sale of Trousers because we talk more about other things.

The values and the sizes being still there, the sale goes sailing on.

O.H. Berry & Co.
REMOVES OUT FITTERS

because it meant increased rapidity of loading.

At the conclusion of Admiral Mason's statement the committee went into executive session, during which the subject of calling officers of the navy as witnesses was discussed. It was agreed to hear on Saturday Lieutenant-Commanders William H. Hill, Carl F. Vogesen and William S. Sims, and Commander Bradley A. Fiske.

Secretary Metcalf and Chairman Hale conferred to-day in regard to the inquiry, and the secretary offered all the assistance possible.

MAKES ATTACK ON FISHERIES BOARD

Correspondent Comments on Certain Matters and Alleges Extravagance.

In a letter to the editor of this paper, Mr. W. T. Mayo, of the League Va., comments in an interesting manner upon the transactions of the State Board of Fisheries. Mr. Mayo says:

I have before me the last report of the State Board of Fisheries. From this it appears: (1) There are 7,852 acres of oyster bottom occupied by planters, who paid therefor during the year ending October, 1907, the sum of \$67,611, in round numbers, for rent and taxes, which they pay the State. It is estimated that they give employment to about 8,000 workers, which is a small estimate. (2) There are 22,000 acres of natural rock with in the Bay and river, and a large area of bottom in the Potomac River, which is public ground, and the joint use of citizens of Virginia and Maryland, upon which 12,840 tongers and dredgers are licensed to take oysters. (3) The State maintains a fleet of six police boats at a cost of \$30,000 to purchase and equip, and a fleet of six patrol boats at a cost of \$25,000 per annum, in round numbers, for the purpose of enforcing the laws of the State. (4) The planters themselves pay for guarding and protecting and for the purpose of enforcing the laws of the State. (5) The planters themselves pay for guarding and protecting and for the purpose of enforcing the laws of the State.

The Hale bill, on which the present inquiry is based, deals with the personnel of the navy, as well as methods of construction. The controversy between Rear-Admiral Brownson and Surgeon-General Rixey, which was disposed of by the President supporting the latter in his contention that a surgeon should be given command of the hospital ship Relief, will undoubtedly be aired. Complaints against the battleship system also will be investigated.

Rear-Admiral Noyes, chief of the Bureau of Ordnance, explained to the committee to-day the workings of the turret ammunition hoists from powder-handling rooms to big guns on modern battleships. Mr. Reuterbach charged in a magazine article that there was great danger of accidents with the straight hoists and open turrets, and that a number of the life-destroying explosions, such as those on the Missouri and Georgia, were caused by faulty hoists. Admiral Noyes denied this, and by comparison with ships of other navies endeavored to show that American methods are equal to any. He said that the new hoist had been adopted for the Delaware class

Measures are now before the Legislature designed to carry out these suggestions. First, a new name is to be provided for the revenue interest is steadily declining and the taxes collected do not pay the expenses of the system by \$15,000.

Seriously, I submit that there is not a scintilla of evidence in this report to show that the State Board of Fisheries has been instrumental in developing the oyster interest of this State, nor in collecting legitimate revenue therefrom. The oyster planters could be collected by the county treasurers for 5 per cent. commission, but now costs for the oyster planters is 10 per cent. and the interest is steadily declining and the taxes collected do not pay the expenses of the system by \$15,000.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
In usual liquid form or in chocolate tablets called Sarsaparilla. 100 Doses \$1.

Merry's for Clothes



Boys discuss clothing at an early age. Interesting alike to boy and mother is this sale of Spring and Summer Suits from last year around half prices!

The boy whose mother has only \$8.75 to spend in a Spring Suit is lucky if it will buy one worth \$6 or \$7.

Well, now's your chance to be lucky, boys.

\$5 Suits at \$2.75.
\$8 and \$7 Suits at \$3.75.
\$8 to \$10 Suits at \$4.75.

All sizes and shades—all straight bottom pants.

O.H. Berry & Co.
REMOVES OUT FITTERS

able waters were, as far as possible, given to the counties within whose borders they lie, considerable advancement will have been made toward a solution of many of the difficulties now before us. The Baylor survey and the planting area should be allowed to stand as they now are. The county surveys should be required to make maps of the bottoms, public and private, within their several counties, locating the bounds of the natural rocks and all assignments.

Local inspectors should be appointed by the supervisors of the counties, and their duties should be about as follows: To see that the assignments of planting ground, not collecting rents and taxes therefrom. Assignments should be made by county surveys and clerks, and the taxes and rents collected by the county treasurers.

There should be substituted for the present so-called cull law a law prohibiting the transportation out of the State of any oysters under two and one-half inches in length. The sale within the State for any other purpose than planting. This should apply to oysters taken from either public or private grounds. Under this system the longer could go upon the public ground during the season permitting him, and he will receive the full reward of his labor and will have only himself to blame if he does not succeed. The interest of all will be the interest of each, and each will work for all and all for each, and peace and harmony will be encouraged among all classes.

The expensive oyster police navy could then be dispensed with. One steamer alone would be needed for the general supervision of this and the fishing and crabbing industries; \$15,000 per annum would be more than sufficient to maintain the system, and the rents from this planting grounds could be used upon the public highways of the Tidewater counties in order to lighten the burden of taxation upon the farmers of that section, who are now required to bear increased burdens because of the proximity of the oyster rocks.

The joint Assembly was rapped to order by Speaker Byrd a few minutes after 8 o'clock, and roll calls by the two clerks, and the members of the quorum of both branches. Mr. Clegg moved a resolution, fixing 11 o'clock as the hour for the adjournment of the intervening time between those favoring and those opposed to the confirmation of Judge Rhea. He spoke briefly of the importance of disposing of the matter, so that the Legislature could proceed properly with the other business.

Senator Sale, of Norfolk, followed in advocacy of the resolution, but before he had proceeded far, he yielded to the question. There were protests from various members and the galleries were heard from, but the chair put the matter and declared it carried upon division—aye 53, nays 33.

Mr. Stiles, of Loudoun, moved a resolution, fixing 11 o'clock as the hour for the adjournment of the intervening time between those favoring and those opposed to the confirmation of Judge Rhea. He spoke briefly of the importance of disposing of the matter, so that the Legislature could proceed properly with the other business.

Senator Noel, of Loudoun, followed in advocacy of the resolution, but before he had proceeded far, he yielded to the question. There were protests from various members and the galleries were heard from, but the chair put the matter and declared it carried upon division—aye 53, nays 33.

Mr. Stiles, of Loudoun, moved a resolution, fixing 11 o'clock as the hour for the adjournment of the intervening time between those favoring and those opposed to the confirmation of Judge Rhea. He spoke briefly of the importance of disposing of the matter, so that the Legislature could proceed properly with the other business.

Senator Noel, of Loudoun, followed in advocacy of the resolution, but before he had proceeded far, he yielded to the question. There were protests from various members and the galleries were heard from, but the chair put the matter and declared it carried upon division—aye 53, nays 33.

As Little as \$10.00
In small weekly or monthly payments provides your home with good music.

Just think of it! Music when you want it—the very music to help you forget the troubles and the cares of the day.

Music for the children.

The Victor Talking Machine

Brings the greatest singers, the funniest reciters and the most superb bards to your home.

Price \$10 up.
Easy Terms.

We are wholesale and retail distributors.

Walter D. Moses & Co.
103 East Broad Street.
Oldest Music House in Virginia.

Important to All Women

Readers of This Paper

Women are as subject to kidney trouble as men, which fact is often overlooked. Many women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, the result of kidney or bladder disease.

If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they will cause the other organs to become diseased. You may suffer a great deal with back, headache and loss of ambition. Poor health makes you nervous, irritable and may be dependent; it makes any one so.

But thousands of irritable, nervous, tired and broken-down women have restored their health and strength by the use of Swamp-Root, the Great Kidney, Liver and Bladder Remedy.

Swamp-Root brings new life and activity to the kidneys, the cause of such troubles. Many send for a sample bottle to see what Swamp-Root, the Great Kidney, Liver and Bladder Remedy, will do for them. Every reader of this paper, who has not already tried it, may address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., and receive sample bottle free by mail.

Senator Wickham got ten minutes additional, the same privilege being extended to the Senator from Nottingham. "This is an important question," said Senator Wickham, in closing. "If you must confirm Judge Rhea to this high office, the responsibility is as great as ever, and it is upon the Governor of Virginia."

"I warn you that as Judge Rhea made the Ninth District hopelessly Republican, there is equal danger that in confirmation the almost of Virginia will share the same fate."

The applause could not be stopped by the kavel alone as Senator Wickham sat down.

Denial by Judge Mann.

In the last speech of the evening Judge Mann devoted fifteen minutes in denying the charge that he had made any effort to get Judge Rhea before the investigation began and before he had heard the evidence. His indignation to set the record straight, so far as he was concerned, he went over the history of the case in detail.

The latter part of his address was much like a speech to a jury in a civil action. He dissected the evidence and contended that it had failed to establish the charge against him. He pointed out the man whom the General Assembly had met to confirm.

At 11:20 o'clock Speaker Byrd informed the Senate that Senator Wickham's motion to give him ten minutes more was not considered.

The crowd picked up its ears when the speaker began the second and more notorious roll call. When Senator Harman, of Richmond, voted "no" there was a ripple of interest in the gallery, which increased in proportion when Senator Wickham's "no" rang out above the din.

But the same old story was another demonstration when Delegates Montague and Wingo cast their votes against confirmation, with some hisses. The speaker then called for the final vote, and when the final vote was announced, and the gallery groaned, but later it joined in too.

Mr. Stiles, of Loudoun, moved a resolution, fixing 11 o'clock as the hour for the adjournment of the intervening time between those favoring and those opposed to the confirmation of Judge Rhea. He spoke briefly of the importance of disposing of the matter, so that the Legislature could proceed properly with the other business.

Senator Noel, of Loudoun, followed in advocacy of the resolution, but before he had proceeded far, he yielded to the question. There were protests from various members and the galleries were heard from, but the chair put the matter and declared it carried upon division—aye 53, nays 33.

Mr. Stiles, of Loudoun, moved a resolution, fixing 11 o'clock as the hour for the adjournment of the intervening time between those favoring and those opposed to the confirmation of Judge Rhea. He spoke briefly of the importance of disposing of the matter, so that the Legislature could proceed properly with the other business.

Senator Noel, of Loudoun, followed in advocacy of the resolution, but before he had proceeded far, he yielded to the question. There were protests from various members and the galleries were heard from, but the chair put the matter and declared it carried upon division—aye 53, nays 33.

Senator Noel, of Loudoun, followed in advocacy of the resolution, but before he had proceeded far, he yielded to the question. There were protests from various members and the galleries were heard from, but the chair put the matter and declared it carried upon division—aye 53, nays 33.

Senator Noel, of Loudoun, followed in advocacy of the resolution, but before he had proceeded far, he yielded to the question. There were protests from various members and the galleries were heard from, but the chair put the matter and declared it carried upon division—aye 53, nays 33.

Senator Noel, of Loudoun, followed in advocacy of the resolution, but before he had proceeded far, he yielded to the question. There were protests from various members and the galleries were heard from, but the chair put the matter and declared it carried upon division—aye 53, nays 33.

Senator Noel, of Loudoun, followed in advocacy of the resolution, but before he had proceeded far, he yielded to the question. There were protests from various members and the galleries were heard from, but the chair put the matter and declared it carried upon division—aye 53, nays 33.

Senator Noel, of Loudoun, followed in advocacy of the resolution, but before he had proceeded far, he yielded to the question. There were protests from various members and the galleries were heard from, but the chair put the matter and declared it carried upon division—aye 53, nays 33.

Senator Noel, of Loudoun, followed in advocacy of the resolution, but before he had proceeded far, he yielded to the question. There were protests from various members and the galleries were heard from, but the chair put the matter and declared it carried upon division—aye 53, nays 33.

Senator Noel, of Loudoun, followed in advocacy of the resolution, but before he had proceeded far, he yielded to the question. There were protests from various members and the galleries were heard from, but the chair put the matter and declared it carried upon division—aye 53, nays 33.

Senator Noel, of Loudoun, followed in advocacy of the resolution, but before he had proceeded far, he yielded to the question. There were protests from various members and the galleries were heard from, but the chair put the matter and declared it carried upon division—aye 53, nays 33.

Senator Noel, of Loudoun, followed in advocacy of the resolution, but before he had proceeded far, he yielded to the question. There were protests from various members and the galleries were heard from, but the chair put the matter and declared it carried upon division—aye 53, nays 33.

Senator Noel, of Loudoun, followed in advocacy of the resolution, but before he had proceeded far, he yielded to the question. There were protests from various members and the galleries were heard from, but the chair put the matter and declared it carried upon division—aye 53, nays 33.

Senator Noel, of Loudoun, followed in advocacy of the resolution, but before he had proceeded far, he yielded to the question. There were protests from various members and the galleries were heard from, but the chair put the matter and declared it carried upon division—aye 53, nays 33.

Important to All Women

Readers of This Paper

Women are as subject to kidney trouble as men, which fact is often overlooked. Many women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, the result of kidney or bladder disease.

If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they will cause the other organs to become diseased. You may suffer a great deal with back, headache and loss of ambition. Poor health makes you nervous, irritable and may be dependent; it makes any one so.

But thousands of irritable, nervous, tired and broken-down women have restored their health and strength by the use of Swamp-Root, the Great Kidney, Liver and Bladder Remedy.

Swamp-Root brings new life and activity to the kidneys, the cause of such troubles. Many send for a sample bottle to see what Swamp-Root, the Great Kidney, Liver and Bladder Remedy, will do for them. Every reader of this paper, who has not already tried it, may address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., and receive sample bottle free by mail.

Senator Wickham got ten minutes additional, the same privilege being extended to the Senator from Nottingham. "This is an important question," said Senator Wickham, in closing. "If you must confirm Judge Rhea to this high office, the responsibility is as great as ever, and it is upon the Governor of Virginia."

"I warn you that as Judge Rhea made the Ninth District hopelessly Republican, there is equal danger that in confirmation the almost of Virginia will share the same fate."

The applause could not be stopped by the kavel alone as Senator Wickham sat down.

Denial by Judge Mann.

In the last speech of the evening Judge Mann devoted fifteen minutes in denying the charge that he had made any effort to get Judge Rhea before the investigation began and before he had heard the evidence. His indignation to set the record straight, so far as he was concerned, he went over the history of the case in detail.

The latter part of his address was much like a speech to a jury in a civil action. He dissected the evidence and contended that it had failed to establish the charge against him. He pointed out the man whom the General Assembly had met to confirm.

At 11:20 o'clock Speaker Byrd informed the Senate that Senator Wickham's motion to give him ten minutes more was not considered.

The crowd picked up its ears when the speaker began the second and more notorious roll call. When Senator Harman, of Richmond, voted "no" there was a ripple of interest in the gallery, which increased in proportion when Senator Wickham's "no" rang out above the din.

But the same old story was another demonstration when Delegates Montague and Wingo cast their votes against confirmation, with some hisses. The speaker then called for the final vote, and when the final vote was announced, and the gallery groaned, but later it joined in too.

Mr. Stiles, of Loudoun, moved a resolution, fixing 11 o'clock as the hour for the adjournment of the intervening time between those favoring and those opposed to the confirmation of Judge Rhea. He spoke briefly of the importance of disposing of the matter, so that the Legislature could proceed properly with the other business.

Senator Noel, of Loudoun, followed in advocacy of the resolution, but before he had proceeded far, he yielded to the question. There were protests from various members and the galleries were heard from, but the chair put the matter and declared it carried upon division—aye 53, nays 33.

Mr. Stiles, of Loudoun, moved a resolution, fixing 11 o'clock as the hour for the adjournment of the intervening time between those favoring and those opposed to the confirmation of Judge Rhea. He spoke briefly of the importance of disposing of the matter, so that the Legislature could proceed properly with the other business.

Senator Noel, of Loudoun, followed in advocacy of the resolution, but before he had proceeded far, he yielded to the question. There were protests from various members and the galleries were heard from, but the chair put the matter and declared it carried upon division—aye 53, nays 33.

Senator Noel, of Loudoun, followed in advocacy of the resolution, but before he had proceeded far, he yielded to the question. There were protests from various members and the galleries were heard from, but the chair put the matter and declared it carried upon division—aye 53, nays 33.

Senator Noel, of Loudoun, followed in advocacy of the resolution, but before he had proceeded far, he yielded to the question. There were protests from various members and the galleries were heard from, but the chair put the matter and declared it carried upon division—aye 53, nays 33.

Senator Noel, of Loudoun, followed in advocacy of the resolution, but before he had proceeded far, he yielded to the question. There were protests from various members and the galleries were heard from, but the chair put the matter and declared it carried upon division—aye 53, nays 33.

Senator Noel, of Loudoun, followed in advocacy of the resolution, but before he had proceeded far, he yielded to the question. There were protests from various members and the galleries were heard from, but the chair put the matter and declared it carried upon division—aye 53, nays 33.

Senator Noel, of Loudoun, followed in advocacy of the resolution, but before he had proceeded far, he yielded to the question. There were protests from various members and the galleries were heard from, but the chair put the matter and declared it carried upon division—aye 53, nays 33.

Senator Noel, of Loudoun, followed in advocacy of the resolution, but before he had proceeded far, he yielded to the question. There were protests from various members and the galleries were heard from, but the chair put the matter and declared it carried upon division—aye 53, nays 33.

Senator Noel, of Loudoun, followed in advocacy of the resolution, but before he had proceeded far, he yielded to the question. There were protests from various members and the galleries were heard from, but the chair put the matter and declared it carried upon division—aye 53, nays 33.

Senator Noel, of Loudoun, followed in advocacy of the resolution, but before he had proceeded far, he yielded to the question. There were protests from various members and the galleries were heard from, but the chair put the matter and declared it carried upon division—aye 53, nays 33.

Senator Noel, of Loudoun, followed in advocacy of the resolution, but before he had proceeded far, he yielded to the question. There were protests from various members and the galleries were heard from, but the chair put the matter and declared it carried upon division—aye 53, nays 33.

Senator Noel, of Loudoun, followed in advocacy of the resolution, but before he had proceeded far, he yielded to the question. There were protests from various members and the galleries were heard from, but the chair put the matter and declared it carried upon division—aye 53, nays 33.

Senator Noel, of Loudoun, followed in advocacy of the resolution, but before he had proceeded far, he yielded to the question. There were protests from various members and the galleries were heard from, but the chair put the matter and declared it carried upon division—aye 53, nays 33.

Important to All Women

Readers of This Paper

Women are as subject to kidney trouble as men, which fact is often overlooked. Many women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, the result of kidney or bladder disease.

If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they will cause the other organs to become diseased. You may suffer a great deal with back, headache and loss of ambition. Poor health makes you nervous, irritable and may be dependent; it makes any one so.

But thousands of irritable, nervous, tired and broken-down women have restored their health and strength by the use of Swamp-Root, the Great Kidney, Liver and Bladder Remedy.

Swamp-Root brings new life and activity to the kidneys, the cause of such troubles. Many send for a sample bottle to see what Swamp-Root, the Great Kidney, Liver and Bladder Remedy, will do for them. Every reader of this paper, who has not already tried it, may address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., and receive sample bottle free by mail.

Senator Wickham got ten minutes additional, the same privilege being extended to the Senator from Nottingham. "This is an important question," said Senator Wickham, in closing. "If you must confirm Judge Rhea to this high office, the responsibility is as great as ever, and it is upon the Governor of Virginia."

"I warn you that as Judge Rhea made the Ninth District hopelessly Republican, there is equal danger that in confirmation the almost of Virginia will share the same fate."

The applause could not be stopped by the kavel alone as Senator Wickham sat down.

Denial by Judge Mann.

In the last speech of the evening Judge Mann devoted fifteen minutes in denying the charge that he had made any effort to get Judge Rhea before the investigation began and before he had heard the evidence. His indignation to set the record straight, so far as he was concerned, he went over the history of the case in detail.

The latter part of his address was much like a speech to a jury in a civil action. He dissected the evidence and contended that it had failed to establish the charge against him. He pointed out the man whom the General Assembly had met to confirm.

At 11:20 o'clock Speaker Byrd informed the Senate that Senator Wickham's motion to give him ten minutes more was not considered.

The crowd picked up its ears when the speaker began the second and more notorious roll call. When Senator Harman, of Richmond, voted "no" there was a ripple of interest in the gallery, which increased in proportion when Senator Wickham's "no" rang out above the din.

But the same old story was another demonstration when Delegates Montague and Wingo cast their votes against confirmation, with some hisses. The speaker then called for the final vote, and when the final vote was announced, and the gallery groaned, but later it joined in too.

Mr. Stiles,